



Care in the Corridor at the Worcestershire Royal Hospital Follow Up Report September 2019



Healthwatch Worcestershire, Civic Centre, Queen Elizabeth Drive, Pershore, Worcestershire. **WR10 1PT**

Tel. 01386 550 264

Email: info@healthwatchworcestershire.co.uk



CONTENT	PAGE
1. ABOUT HEALTHWATCH WORCESTERSHIRE	3
CARE IN THE CORRIDOR AT WORCESTERSHIRE ROYAL HOSPITAL	3
3. HWW RECOMMENDATIONS 2019	5
4. WHAT WE FOUND OUT	6
5. CONCLUSION	25
APPENDICES	
Appendix One - Who We Spoke With	26
Appendix Two - further information on HWW recommendations from 2017 and 2018 reports	27

Acknowledgments

HWW acknowledge the co-operation of the Trust's leadership, the Matron of the A&E Departments and A&E staff throughout the visit programme.

We would also like to thank all the patients and visitors who spoke with us about their experiences.

1. ABOUT HEALTHWATCH WORCESTERSHIRE

Healthwatch Worcestershire (HWW) provides an independent voice for people who use publicly funded health and social care services. Our role is to ensure that people's views are listened to and fed back to service providers and commissioners in order to improve services. Healthwatch has the power to "Enter and View" ¹ premises where health or social care services are being provided, speak with patients and to observe for ourselves how care is being delivered.

2. CARE IN THE CORRIDOR AT WORCESTERSHIRE ROYAL HOSPITAL

Healthwatch Worcestershire believes that patients being cared for in corridors is unacceptable and does not endorse this in any way. In its Report "Under Pressure - Safely managing increased demand in emergency departments" the Care Quality Commission, who are responsible for inspecting hospital services said: "we have made it clear in our guidance to trusts that the use of inappropriate spaces is not acceptable". Nevertheless, this situation is still regularly being experienced by patients. We decided to speak with patients being looked after in corridor areas about their experience and what might be done to improve it.

June 2017 Visits

During February and March 2017 HWW completed 31 unannounced visits to Worcestershire Royal Hospital (WRH) and 13 unannounced visits to Alexandra Hospital using our powers to Enter & View premises. There were no patients in the corridor at the Alexandra Hospital during any of our visits. We spoke with 119 patients at the WRH. Our survey asked patients about the information provided to them about being in the corridor area; their care; the environment; privacy and dignity; waiting times; and their overall experience of being in the corridor area of the hospital. We made 38 recommendations to the Worcestershire Acute Hospitals Trust (WAHT) based on the findings from our Survey. The <u>full Care in the Corridor at the Worcestershire Royal Hospital report</u> and a <u>summary version</u> can be found on our website.

The WAHT welcomed the Report and in August 2017 produced an Action Plan which addressed the recommendations we had made. The Action Plan set out the actions that would be taken in response to the recommendations and when these would be completed. Where no action was to be taken an explanation was provided. The 2017 <u>Action Plan</u> is also available on our website.

¹ Local Authorities (Public Health Functions and Entry to Premises by Local Healthwatch Representatives) Regulations 2013

² Care Quality Commission "Under Pressure - Safely managing increased demand in emergency departments" May 2018

Follow Up Visits - April 2018

The purpose of these visits was to follow up on the implementation of our recommendations as set out in the WAHT Action Plan produced in 2017. Had the WAHT done what they said they would do in their Action Plan?

In April 2018 we carried out 6 further visits, at different times in the day and in the evening on weekdays and at weekends to the WRH. It was not our intention to carry out another comprehensive survey of patient views, but we did speak with 28 patients and 4 visitors. We specifically focused on asking patients about the actions that WAHT had identified in their plan. We used observation sheets, organised under the headings in the Action Plan, to record whether we could see evidence that the action identified in the plan had been implemented.

We found that some progress has been made on the implementation of the WAHT Action Plan. Our assessment was that 2 actions had been fully implemented;13 actions had been partially implemented;11 actions had not been implemented; 1 of our recommendations did not have any actions to be completed by WAHT. We asked the Trust to revisit this recommendation. There were 11 actions that we were unable to assess, as this could not be done through observation or speaking with patients during an Enter and View visit.

We recommended that the Trust revisited and updated their Action Plan in the light of the Follow Up Report that we produced. The Follow Up Report can be found on our website.

In response in July 2018 the WAHT produced a new Action Plan. This went back to our original recommendations, rather than referring to actions in the previous plan. New or further actions against the recommendations were identified, together with success measures and timescales for completion. The Trust undertook to audit the Plan through their Patient Public Forum during their Care in the Corridor audits. The WAHT <u>JULY 2018</u> Action Plan can be found here.

Follow Up Visit July 2019

We decided to carry out a further one off visit in July 2019 to "spot check" the implementation of our recommendations, as set out in the WAHT Action Plan produced in July 2018. It was not our intention to carry out another comprehensive survey of patient views

The majority of our evidence was gathered through observations, although we spoke with 4 patients and 1 visitor who were in the corridor areas of the WRH. Further information about who we spoke with can be found at Appendix One.

This Report sets out what we found out.

A more "user friendly" summary version of this Report can be found on our website.

HWW acknowledge the co-operation of the Trust's leadership, the Matron & Nurse in Charge and all A&E and Medical Assessment Unit (MAU) staff throughout the visit programme.

3. HWW RECOMMENDATIONS 2019

HWW 2019 Recommendations (includes actions from previous Action Plan)

Information

- 1. All patients being cared for in the corridor of the A&E Department to be given the letter prepared by WRH explaining about being in the corridor.
- 2. All staff to introduce themselves to patients by name.

Patient Care

- 3. WAHT to ensure it is explained to all patients how to call for attention in corridor areas of the hospital.
- 4. WAHT to consider whether patients who appear to be confused or living with dementia, or who have specific communication difficulties or sensory impairments, should be nursed in corridor areas of the hospital
- 5. WAHT to provide reassurance that best practice on nutrition and hydration of patients on wards is being followed in corridor areas when patients are waiting for lengthy periods.
- 6. Staff to check patients are able to reach food and drink placed at the end of the trolley and whether any assistance with this is required
- 7. Patients to be routinely offered pillows and blankets when waiting on trolleys in the corridor areas.
- 8. Patients to be asked as part of "Care & Comfort" rounds if there is anything that can be done to make their wait more comfortable.
- 9. Patients to be told the location of the toilets and how to ask for assistance if they require it.
- 10. WAHT to provide reassurance that procedures are in place to control patients' pain whilst they are being nursed in corridor areas of the hospital.
- 11. WAHT to consider, in light of the findings and recommendations from this Survey, whether there is sufficient staff to care for patients in the corridor areas in A&E and the MAU throughout the 24hr period.

Environment

- 12. Consider whether any further action can be taken to reduce noise in the corridor area.
- 13. Monitor staff movement from the hospital side of the doors into A&E to reinforce the message that this should not be used as a short cut *On-going action*.
- 14. Dim the lights in the corridor areas earlier at night to allow patients to rest and sleep.
- 15. WAHT to consider if care and comfort packs could be issued to patients waiting over 4 hrs in the corridor area at all times (day and night).
- 16. Provide secure storage space for patient valuables and belongings when they are being nursed for extended periods in the corridor area of the hospital. Notify patients of the availability of a safe for their belongings.

Privacy & Dignity

- 17. Consistently use private areas when providing patients with diagnosis or test results.
- 18. When it is unavoidable to discuss patient's personal information in the corridor areas ensure patients are screened and voices are kept as low as practicable.
- 19. Consistently use the reserved curtained cubicles within the A&E Department when examining or treating patients.
- 20. When it is unavoidable to examine or treat patients in the corridor areas ensure patients are screened sufficiently to protect their privacy and dignity.

Waiting Times

21. Provide patients with an indication of how long they might be waiting in the corridor area and provide reassurance to patients whilst they are being nursed in the corridor.

Visitors

- 22. Consider whether some chairs for visitors can be provided in the side corridor area, without causing an obstruction.
- 23. Visitors who are staying overnight should be informed of where hospital facilities can be found and offered blankets.

Other Recommendations

- 24.Ensure that health and safety requirements in respect of the corridors are always complied with
- 25. Ensure information about A&E waiting times on the WAHT website is accurate.
- 26. The Trust should take all necessary steps, including staff training and awareness raising, to ensure that their own Action Plan is implemented consistently and routinely for <u>every patient</u>, every day.

4. WHAT WE FOUND OUT

In the table below we have set out:

- The recommendations in our original Care in the Corridor Report, June 2017
- The Actions identified by the WAHT in their Action Plan of July 2018, including the measure set out under "How do I know this action is complete" section of the Action Plan and the timescale for completion
- Our assessment of the extent to which these actions have been implemented
- The observations / patient experience which support our assessment
- Our recommendation where actions are partly implemented or are on-going, we have repeated our original recommendation or added a revised or new recommendation

Key to Assessment:

- ✓✓ Action fully implemented
- ✓ Action partially implemented

HWW 2017 Recommendation	WAHT 2018 Action & How do I know this action is complete?	WAHT Timescale for completion	HWW Assessment	Observation/Patient Experience that supports HWW assessment	HWW 2019 Recommendation
✓✓ Action ful	ly implemented √Action par	tially implem	nented 🗵 N	o assessment possible through E&V vis	sits
Information					
1. All patients being cared for in the corridor of the A&E Department to be given the letter prepared by WRH explaining about being in the corridor.	Letters to all patients who are being cared for on the Emergency Department Corridor. Complete When: Complete when letters are routinely given to all patients being cared for on the Emergency Department corridor. Evidenced with Corridor audits.	31 st May 2018		None of the 4 patients that we spoke with had received the letter re being cared for in the ED corridor. We did not observe the letters on any of the trolleys in the corridor area. However, we have assessed this as partially met as a copy of the letter is available on the notice board in the main corridor area.	1. All patients being cared for in the corridor of the A&E Department to be given the letter prepared by WRH explaining about being in the corridor.
2. The WRH letter should be amended to briefly explain HWW role. The text for this can be supplied by HWW.	Letter re-drafted to include additional information and checked by Communications. Ensure when patients are given their letter, they are made aware of it and encouraged to read it. Complete When: Complete when letter is communicated to patients by staff consistently	Complete		Text supplied by HWW has been included in the letter.	Complete

3. All patients should be given a HWW leaflet, so they are aware they can report their experiences to us independently of the hospital.	Ensure Healthwatch leaflets are available around the department for patients and relatives. Complete When: Complete when leaflets are consistently stocked and available to patients.	Complete	√ √	HWW leaflets are available in the leaflet rack at the rear of the waiting room in the A&E Department.	Complete HWW to supply posters for display in A&E Waiting Area.
4. The designated corridor nurse to be identified by wearing a specific coloured armband.	Corridor nurses to wear a coloured armband. Complete When: This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum during their Care in the Corridor audits, Question 2 'Do you know the name of the Nurse looking after you in this area of the hospital?'	30 th July (awaiting arrival of order)	1	Since our last visit all A&E staff at the WRH have been issued with purple uniforms which differentiate them from other staff working at the hospital. Staff roles (e.g. doctor, sister, nurse, Health Care Assistant [HCAs]) are clearly embroidered on the back of the uniform, making it easy for patients to identify whose who within the Department.	No longer applicable due to the new uniforms in A&E.
5. All staff to introduce themselves to patients by name.	Emergency Department staff to continue to introduce themselves to patients they are caring for consistently. Complete When: This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum during their Care in the Corridor audits, Question 2 'Do you know the Nurse looking after you in this area of the hospital?	On-going		2 of the 4 patients that we spoke with had been told the name of the nurse and the doctor looking after them but could not remember what it was. Two patients reported that they did not know the nurses or the doctors name. During our visit we observed nurses and HCAs introducing themselves to patients, but we did not observe any interactions with a doctor, so we cannot comment on this.	2. All staff to introduce themselves to patients by name.

Patient Care					
7. WAHT to ensure it is explained to all patients how to call for attention in corridor areas of the hospital, including the MAU where no call bells are available. 8. WAHT to consider whether patients who appear to be confused or living with dementia, or who have specific communication difficulties or sensory impairments, should be nursed in corridor areas of the hospital.	Build on signage already in place to ensure patients know how to call for help should they need to. Complete When: Signage to be updated and placed where patients can see these. This will be audited via the Patient Public Forum during their Care in the Corridor audits within the Emergency Department, question 3 'Has it been explained to you how to call for attention if you need it in this area if the hospital? All patients will be risk assessed in line with the Standard Operating Procedure to determine whether they are frail and/or living with dementia. Complete When: When there are not any patients with dementia in the corridor. Audited by Patient Public Forum.	30 th July On-going		2 of the 4 patients that we spoke with had been told how to call for attention if they needed it. Only one had called for attention. They reported that the bell was not answered, however they had seen a nurse passing by and stopped them and been assisted. Patients said: "I rang the bell but nobody came. A nurse came past and I spoke to them" There is a real improvement in signage and information on the notice boards, however we did not observe a sign telling patients how to call for attention should they need it. We did not observe any patients who appeared to be frail or living with dementia in the corridor area during our visit. We did note however that the "Improving Patient Care" display in the main corridor area specifically addressed patients living with dementia. It referenced a "Dementia Trolley", which displayed an "About Me" form and Twiddle Muff, to provide activity and comfort.	3. WAHT to ensure it is explained to all patients how to call for attention in corridor areas of the hospital. 4. WAHT to consider whether patients who appear to be confused or living with dementia, or who have specific communication difficulties or sensory impairments, should be nursed in corridor areas of the hospital.
9. WAHT to provide reassurance that best practice on nutrition and hydration of patients on	Continue to offer hot (at lunchtime) and cold meals, snacks, hot and cold drinks to patients within the Emergency	On-going	√	All of the patients (3) that we spoke to who were clinically able to eat and drink had been provided with a drink .	5. WAHT to provide reassurance that best practice on nutrition and hydration of patients on

1 1 1 1 6 0 1 1 1		I		1	1 . 1 . 6
wards is being followed in	Department during designated			In 2 cases a drink was provided by a	wards is being followed in
corridor areas when	times for patients who are			member of staff and in one case by a	corridor areas when patients
patients are waiting for	clinically able to eat and drink			visitor. None of the patients required	are waiting for lengthy
lengthy periods.	and who have been in the			help to drink.	periods.
	department over 4hours.				
	Complete When:			We observed that there was a bottle of	
	Allocated Healthcare Assistant			water on each of the trolleys in the	
	to continue providing			corridor area.	
	refreshments and meals to				
	patients.			One of the three patients who were	
	This will be audited by the			eligible to eat reported that they had	
	Patient Public Forum in the			been offered food since being in the	
	Care in the Corridor audits,			Department. This was a sandwich. No	
	Question 5 'Have you been			assistance was required to eat this.	
	able to get a drink since being			·	
	in this area of the hospital?',			The other 2 patients reported that they	
	Question 10 'Have you been			had not been offered food. 1 reported	
	offered any food since being in			that they had been in the corridor for	
	this area of the hospital?' and			between 4 – 8 hours, the other patient	
	Question 11 'If YES, what food			reported they had been in the corridor 8	
	have you been offered?'			- 12 hours.	
	nave you been oppered.			12 116 0131	
10. Staff to check patients	Healthcare Assistants trained	On-going	X	We did not observe a meal round during	6. Staff to check patients are
are able to reach food	to offer help to patients who	On going		our visit so we are unable to comment	able to reach food and drink
and drink placed at the	may require assistance with			on this action.	placed at the end of the
end of the trolley and	eating and drinking			on this action.	trolley and whether any
whether any assistance	throughout the day.				assistance with this is
with this is required.	Complete When:				required.
with this is required.	Allocated Healthcare Assistant				required.
	to continue providing				
	refreshments and meals to				
	patients.				
	This will be audited by the				
	Patient Public Forum in the				
	Care in the Corridor audits,				

	Question 6 'If YES, how did you get a drink?', Question 7 'If YES to Q5, did you get enough help from staff to have your drink?', and Question 12 'If YES to Q10, did you get enough help from staff to eat your food?'				
11. Consideration to be given to reinstating a refreshment trolley in the A&E corridor area similar to that in the MAU for patients and visitors.	Ensure refreshments trolley is in place, is easily accessible and replenished regularly. Complete When: Continuously ensure the refreshments trolley is replenished regularly and ensure patients and relatives are aware of how to access this.	Complete	√ √	The refreshment trolley is in place in the main A&E Department. There are vending machines in the A&E waiting area.	Complete
12. Refreshment trolleys to be easily identifiable to patients and visitors with clear instructions about their use.	Ensure staff communicate the whereabouts of the refreshment trolley to those patients who have been in the department for over four hours, and those patients who may need food more regularly than others. Continue the three meal rounds per day within the Emergency Department, ensuring patients and relatives also know how to obtain food outside of these mealtimes (including vending machines, restaurant, shop and coffee shop).	Complete		We observed clear notices about snack and drink vending machines being available in the main A&E Waiting Area. We also saw clear signage for patients about mealtimes and the availability of bottled water and drinks outside of these times in both the main and side corridor area. Visitors were notified about the availability of refreshments within the hospital and the location of vending machines.	Complete

	Complete When:				
	All patients and relatives				
	should be aware of how to				
	access food and drink when				
	visiting the Emergency				
	Department (aware of				
	mealtimes, refreshments				
	trolley, vending machines,				
	restaurants, shop and coffee				
	shop).				
	This will be audited by the				
	Patient Public Forum in the				
	Care in the Corridor audits,				
	Question 6 'If YES, how did you				
	get a drink?', Question 7 'If				
	YES to Q5, did you get enough				
	help from staff to have your				
	drink?', and Question 12 'If				
	YES to Q10, did you get				
	enough help from staff to eat				
	your food?'				
13. WAHT to consider	Continue to work with Estates	30 th August	√ √	We observed real improvements in the	Complete
how signage could be	to ensure signage is reviewed	2018 (work		signage and information available to	, and the second
improved to make this	and replaced as and when	on-going		patients in the main and side corridor	
more visible to patients.	necessary.	with		areas and in the A&E Waiting Area.	
more trouble to patients.	Complete When:	signage			
	New signage should be visible	company to		Large pictorial boards in the corridor	
	within the Emergency	conduct		provide information to patients about	
	Department which is visible	site survey		their journey through A&E.	
	and informative for patients	before		and journey an ough had	
	and relatives.	installation)		The notice boards display information	
	and relatives.	stanation)		about: Corridor care; Mealtimes; Whose	
	Patient public forum will			Who, Patient Advice & Liaison Service	
	review as part of their audit to			Discharge Planning and Listening to your	
	Teview as part of their addit to			Feedback.	
				reeuback.	

	confirm that signage is visible once it is installed.			In addition a large, engaging display called Improving Corridor Care depicts a number of initiatives taken by the Trust to improved care for patients in the corridor and to recognise the work of staff. The main A&E Waiting Area now contains clear information about Check In; Patient Journey, Triage Assessment, Assessment Categories, Minor injuries and Children's Waiting Room. Screens either side of reception display waiting times to see the Triage nurse; a nurse or doctor in "Minors" and an A&E doctor). Additionally coloured lines on the floor direct patients around A&E and to different Departments (e.g. X-Ray and Medical Assessment Unit).	
14. Patients to be routinely offered pillows and blankets when waiting on trolleys in the corridor areas.	Continue to conduct Care and Comfort rounds within Emergency Department. Ensure there are a sufficient amount of pillows and blankets for patients within the Emergency Department. Complete When: Continuously ensure Care and Comfort rounds are conducted for patients being cared for in the corridor within the	On-going	✓	Of the 4 patients we spoke with 1 had been given a pillow, 1 was waiting to be given a pillow and 2 reported that they had not been asked if they would like a pillow. 2 patients had been provided with blankets since being in the corridor area, 1 had a blanket that was already on the trolley and 1 reported that they had not been asked if they needed a blanket.	7. Patients to be routinely offered pillows and blankets when waiting on trolleys in the corridor areas.

	Emergency Department to maximise patient experience, privacy and dignity. Corridor SNAP audit. Senior nurse quality checks audit.			We observed members of staff carrying out care and comfort rounds with 2 patients, asking one patient if they were hungry, needed blankets or required a relative to be contacted.	
15. Patients to be asked as part of "Care & Comfort" rounds if there is anything that can be done to make their wait more comfortable.	Ensure care and comfort charts are completed at end of each trolley in consultation with the patient. Complete When: This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the Care in the Corridor audits, Question 16 'Is there anything that could be done (excluding giving you pain relief) to make you more comfortable on this trolley?'	On-going		2 patients reported that there was not anything that could be done to make them more comfortable on their trolley, 1 did not know and 1 comment related to pain relief. We cannot comment on whether care and comfort charts are completed by staff with patients as this is outside of HWW remit.	8. Patients to be asked as part of "Care & Comfort" rounds if there is anything that can be done to make their wait more comfortable.
16. Patients to be told the location of the toilets and how to ask for assistance if they require it.	Ensure signage to toilets is visible to patients, carers and relatives. Complete When: This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the Care in the Corridor audits, Question 13 'Did you get enough help from staff to use the toilet?'	On-going	√	One of the patients we spoke with had noticed signs about the toilets, whilst 3 had not. None of the patients had required assistance using the toilets. Toilet doors are clearly labelled, but there is no direction signage or information about asking for assistance with going to the toilet.	9. Patients to be told the location of the toilets and how to ask for assistance if they require it.
17. WAHT to provide reassurance that procedures are in place to control patients' pain whilst they are being	Ensure all patients asked about their pain on initial assessment, including patients who experience handover	On-going	✓	3 patients reported that they had been in pain since being in the corridor area of the hospital. Of these 1 felt that hospital staff had definitely done everything they	10. WAHT to provide reassurance that procedures are in place to control patients' pain whilst they are

nursed in corridor areas	from the ambulance service of			could to help control their pain, whilst 2	being nursed in corridor
of the hospital.	over 60 minutes.			patients felt this to some extent.	areas of the hospital.
of the hospital.	Ensure Care and Comfort			putients felt this to some extent.	areas of the hospital.
	rounds are conducted,				
	including the questions on				
	pain.				
	Complete When:				
	Continue to use the Global				
	Risk Assessment Tool (GRAT)				
	for patients who have				
	experienced 60minute				
	handovers from the				
	ambulance service.				
	Continue to use the Global				
	Risk Assessment Tool (GRAT)				
	for patients who have been in				
	the ED for more than 6 hours.				
	Continue to conduct the Care				
	and Comfort rounds every 2-4				
	hours to monitor patients'				
	pain within the Emergency				
	Department corridor.				
	This will be audited by the				
	Patient Public Forum in the				
	Care in the Corridor audits,				
	Question 14 Have you been in				
	pain since being in this area of				
	the hospital" and Question 15				
	"If YES do you think staff have				
	done everything they could to				
	help control your pain since				
	being in this area of the				
	hospital"				
19. WAHT to provide	Ensure patients, carers and	30 th July	✓	Since our last visit all A&E staff at the	Complete once notice
information about how	relatives are made aware of			WRH have been issued with purple	boards updated.

	lucee	1	1		
A&E and MAU staff will	different uniforms within the			uniforms which differentiate them from	
be clearly identified so	Emergency Department to			other staff working at the hospital.	
that patients know who	identify different staff roles.			Staff roles (e.g. doctor, sister, nurse,	
they can ask for	Ensure staff caring for patients			Health Care Assistant [HCAs]) are clearly	
assistance.	introduce themselves to			embroidered on the back of the uniform,	
	patients, carers and relatives.			making it easy for patients to identify	
	Increase volume of uniform			whose who within the Department.	
	key boards within the				
	department.			Nevertheless 1 patient reported that	
	Complete When:			they definitely knew which staff passing	
	Uniform key available to view			by they could ask for assistance if they	
	on notice boards around the			needed it, whilst 2 reported that they	
	department visible to patients,			knew this to some extent and 1 patient	
	carers and relatives.			reported that they did not know who	
				they could ask.	
				,	
				We noted that notice boards are	
				displaying information relating to the	
				previous armbands / uniform system.	
				This information could be updated so	
				patients are aware of the new purple	
				uniforms and staff roles on the back of	
				them.	
20. WAHT to consider, in	Ensure the completion of the	On-going	×	2 patients reported that there were	11. WAHT to consider, in
light of the findings and	Safer Staffing App per shift	o 808		enough staff on duty in the corridor area	light of the findings and
recommendations from	and escalate any unsafe			of the hospital to care for them, 1 did not	recommendations from this
this Survey, whether	staffing levels for further			know and 1 did not think that this was	Survey, whether there is
there is sufficient staff to	support.			the case.	sufficient staff to care for
care for patients in the	Complete When:				patients in the corridor areas
corridor areas in A&E and	Safer staffing compliance			Patients said:	in A&E and the MAU
the MAU throughout the	figures.			"There are too many of us [patients]	throughout the 24hr period.
24hr period.	Continue to display nurse			going through. They have so much to do,	throughout the 24th period.
Z iiii period.	staffing levels within the			so many people. They have so much to do,	
	Emergency Department per			there's too many people so they tend to	
	shift.			forget"	
	Silit.			Torget	

	This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the Care in the Corridor audits, Question 17 'In your opinion, are there enough staff on duty in this area of the hospital to care for you?'		"Staff are worked hard!" We did observe that nurse staffing levels within the ED per shift were on display on the whiteboard in the main A&E area.	
Environment				
22. Consider whether doors to the staff toilets can be modified to prevent them from banging.	Contact Estates department to evaluate the door for a soft close mechanism. Slow close mechanisms have been fitted on doors, which does reduce the banging. Complete When: This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the Care in the Corridor audits, Question 20 'Have you been bothered by noise since being in this area of the hospital?	Complete	3 patients reported that they had been bothered by noise since being in the corridor area, whilst 1 had not. We have been informed that soft close mechanisms have been fitted to doors within the Department but noise from doors closing is still an issue. For more information on noise and actions taken by WAHT see Action 26 below.	12. Consider whether any further action can be taken to reduce noise in the corridor area.
24. Monitor staff movement from the hospital side of the doors into A&E to reinforce the message that this should not be used as a short cut.	Ensure staff are aware not to use this area as a shortcut so as not to disturb patients, and ensure there is signage to support this. Restrict swipe access to ED staff only. Complete When: Continue to inform staff that this should not be used as a short cut, and challenge staff who may use this area in this way.	Complete	No staff movement from the hospital side of the doors into A&E was observed during the visit.	13. Monitor staff movement from the hospital side of the doors into A&E to reinforce the message that this should not be used as a short cut.

	Ensure signage is clear and easily visible to all staff.			
25. Dim the lights in the corridor areas earlier at night to allow patients to rest and sleep.	Where possible and appropriate, dim the lights within the Emergency Department corridor to allow patients to rest and sleep, without compromising patient safety. Complete When: Monitor and judge whether this is possible without compromising patient safety per shift. Consider alternatives?	Complete	All of the patients we spoke with had been bothered by the lighting since being in the corridor area of the hospital, however all understood why the lights are bright in the corridor area. We visited during the day so we cannot comment on whether lights are dimmed at night.	14. Dim the lights in the corridor areas earlier at night to allow patients to rest and sleep.
26. WAHT to provide information about how noise will be controlled in corridor areas, particularly at night.	Ensure ear plugs are available for patients who request them. Ensure traffic is reduced during the night where possible, without compromising the functionality of the department. Complete When: Ensure replenishment of ear plugs. Monitor traffic within the Emergency Department Corridor to ensure this is kept to a minimum where possible. This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the	On-going	3 of the patients we spoke with had been bothered by noise since being in the corridor area of the hospital, 1 had not. 3 patients had not been informed that earplugs were available for patients use. 1 had been offered earplugs but did not want to use them. We observed that the corridor is still a noisy and busy environment for patients. We observed that on the "Listening To Your Feedback notice" it was reported in response to the comment "noisy corridor" that "Care & Comfort" packs had been introduced containing an eye mask and earplugs.	15. WAHT to consider if care and comfort packs could be issued to patients waiting over 4 hrs in the corridor area at all times (day and night).

	Care in the Corridor audits, Question 18 'Do you feel you are able to rest in this area of the hospital?', Question 19 'Do you feel you are able to sleep in this area of the hospital?' and Question 20 'Have you been bothered by noise since being in this area of the hospital?'			We saw a photograph of these packs, which also contain signs so that patients can indicate if they want to be woken for food, to see the doctor or do not want to be disturbed. We think these packs are a good initiative. None of the patients we spoke with had been issued with the packs. Our visit was during the daytime so we do not know if the packs are in use at night.	
27. Provide secure storage space for patient valuables and belongings when they are being nursed for extended periods in the corridor area of the hospital.	Encourage relatives to take valuables home, but ensure patients are aware there is also a safe within the Emergency Department for valuables should they need to have items securely locked away. Continue documentation of all personal belongings patients have with them. Complete When: Encourage relatives to take valuables home where possible. Document and log items patients have with them. Document and log items patients have with them. This will be audited by the Patient Public Forum in the Care in the Corridor audits,	Complete	*	We noted a sign displayed in the main corridor area (but not in the side area) about Personal Property. This states that the Trust do not accept any responsibility for personal property unless it has been deposited for safe custody and an acceptable hospital receipt can be shown. 3 of the 4 patients we spoke with had not been told that a safe was available for valuables. 1 had been told this but did not have any valuables with them. 1 patient said that staff had not documented the property that they had with them, whilst 2 did not know whether staff had done this.	16. Provide secure storage space for patient valuables and belongings when they are being nursed for extended periods in the corridor area of the hospital. Notify patients of the availability of a safe for their belongings.

	Question 22 'Is there anywhere to safely keep your personal belongings in this area?				
Privacy & Dignity					
28. Consistently use private areas when providing patients with diagnosis or test results. 30. When it is unavoidable to discuss patient's personal information in the corridor areas ensure patients are screened and voices are kept as low as practicable.	Ensure the use of private areas for private and/or sensitive conversations with patients, carers and relatives where possible. Complete When: Continue to use the designated cubicles within the Emergency Department for private and sensitive conversations.	Complete		1 patient reported that they had definitely been given enough privacy when discussing personal information their condition or treatment since being in the corridor area of the hospital. 1 patient agreed with this to some extent, 1 patient did not agree that this was the case and 1 patient had not discussed this type of information since being in the corridor area. Screens were not used on any of these occasions. 2 patients did not feel that they were needed but 1 patient felt that they should have been used. Patients said: "It's an open area, it felt a bit uncomfortable, even though it was just talking you could see people looking" We overheard one conversation with a patient which contained personal information during a care and comfort	17. Consistently use private areas when providing patients with diagnosis or test results. 18. When it is unavoidable to discuss patient's personal information in the corridor areas ensure patients are screened and voices are kept as low as practicable.
				round. Screens were not used but voices were kept as low as practicable.	
29. Consistently use the reserved curtained cubicles within the A&E	Ensure the use of private areas examinations and	On-going	√	1 patient reported that they had definitely been given enough privacy when being examined or treated since	19. Consistently use the reserved curtained cubicles within the A&E Department

	T .	1	1	T	T .
Department when	treatment, carers and			being in the corridor area of the hospital.	when examining or treating
examining or treating	relatives where possible.			2 patients agreed with this to some	patients.
patients.	Complete When:			extent and 1 patient had not been	
	Continue to use the			examined or treated since being in the	20. When it is unavoidable to
When it is unavoidable to	designated cubicles within the			corridor area.	examine or treat patients in
examine or treat patients	Emergency Department for				the corridor areas ensure
in the corridor areas	sensitive examinations and			Of the three patients we spoke with who	patients are screened
ensure patients are	treatment.			had been examined or treated in the	sufficiently to protect their
screened sufficiently to	If this is not possible, Privacy			corridor one patient reported that they	privacy and dignity.
protect their privacy and	screens are to be used			had definitely been given enough	
dignity.	routinely for examinations and			privacy, whilst two patients agreed with	
	treatment.			this only to some extent.	
				For one patient a screen was put in	
				place, but the patient did not feel it	
				provided them with privacy. The other	
				two patients reported that screens were	
				not used. One patient felt that screens	
				were not needed, the other patient felt	
				that screens should have been used.	
				We noted a framed sign on the wall in	
				the side corridor directed at staff saying:	
				"PLEASE DO NOT EXAMINE PATIENTS IN	
				THE CORRIDOR Please use the M spaces	
				to take patient history and examination.	
				Then return your patient to the corridor"	
Waiting Times					
32. Provide patients with	Continue to educate staff on	On-going	✓	None of the patients had been told how	21. Provide patients with an
an indication of how long	open and honest conversation	On going		long they might be waiting for.	indication of how long they
they might be waiting in	with patients, carers and			long they might be waiting for.	might be waiting in the
the corridor area and	relatives.			All of the patients that we spoke with	corridor area and provide
provide reassurance to	Ensure clear conversations are			knew the reason that they were waiting	reassurance to patients
'	had between staff and			,	reassurance to patients
patients whilst they are	nau between staff and			in the corridor area of the hospital. 2	

being nursed in the	patients, carers and relatives			were waiting to be admitted to the	whilst they are being nursed
corridor.	to explain their journey			hospital and 2 were awaiting to go for	in the corridor.
	throughout and that waiting			tests or scans. This is an improvement on	
	times can vary and change at			our previous visits.	
	any time.			•	
	Complete When:			We observed one patient being	
	Complete when patients being			reassured by a nurse that they had not	
	cared for on the Emergency			been forgotten and were still awaiting	
	Department corridor are			treatment.	
	aware of their forecasted time				
	within the area.			Large, pictorial signage sets out the	
	Complete when staff are able			stages of the patient journey through the	
	to have open and honest			Department are on display in the	
	conversations about waiting			corridor area of the Department.	
	times in the Emergency				
	Department corridor.				
	This will be audited by the				
	Patient Public Forum in the				
	Care in the Corridor audits,				
	Question 26 'How long were				
	you told you MIGHT be				
	waiting in this area of the				
	hospital for?'				
Visitors		Al-			
35. Signpost basic	Encourage relatives and	30 th August	✓	There were 5 visitors in the side corridor	22. Consider whether some
facilities for relatives and	visitors to use the waiting	(work on-		of the Department during our visit.	chairs for visitors can be
visitors, including a seat	room facilities and seating to	going with		3 visitors were with 1 patient. One visitor	provided in the side corridor
and access to drinks.	avoid further crowding on the	signage .		had a seat and 2 were standing.	area, without causing an
	Emergency Department	company to		The other 2 patients both had one	obstruction.
	corridor (where appropriate),	conduct		visitor, who were sitting on the patients	
	to allow a more efficient	site survey		trolley.	
	environment and to ensure	before		1 visitor reported that they had been	
	fire exits are kept clear.	installation)		unable to find a seat and had not been offered one.	
	Complete When:			offered one.	

	Complete when signs are visible within the department.		We think that consideration should be given to providing some chairs for visitors in the side corridor area but are mindful of chairs causing obstructions in a busy A&E Department. There are clear signs in the corridor informing relatives of the location of refreshments within the hospital. There are signs advising that snacks and drinks are available in the A&E main waiting area.	
36. Visitors who are staying overnight should be informed of where hospital facilities can be found and offered blankets.	Ensure carers and relatives are made aware of the refreshments trolley and vending machines within the Emergency Department should they be required to stay overnight. Complete When: Complete when visitors who are required to stay overnight are given information regarding hospital facilities available to them.	Complete	None of the visitors we spoke with had been in the corridor area overnight. For signage see 35 above.	23. Visitors who are staying overnight should be informed of where hospital facilities can be found and offered blankets.
Other Recommendations				
38. Ensure that health and safety requirements in respect of the corridors are always complied with.	Comply with weekly fire alarm testing within the Emergency Department along with a Safety Fire Check by the Trust's Fire Officer.	On-going	We noted that on this visit all hospital equipment was located on one side of the corridor area, away from doors. There were no trolleys in the corridor other than in the designated areas.	24. Ensure that health and safety requirements in respect of the corridors are always complied with.

	Ensure Monthly Environmental audits are conducted. Encourage relatives to use the main waiting room facilities to avoid congregation in the corridors. Complete When: Weekly fire safety inspections			Although the corridor remains a busy & noisy environment flow through it on our visit did seem to be improved. We are unable to check hospital records and therefore cannot comment on whether weekly fire inspections take place.	
Recommendations from H ^o 41. Consideration to be	WW Follow Up Visit 2018 Information boards to be	30 th July	√ √	Patient notice boards are in place and	Complete
given to providing patient notice boards in corridor areas.	placed around the department and corridor area with information for patients and relatives relating to their stay. Complete When: Complete when new noticeboards are installed within the corridor areas of the department.	oc duly		signage is very much improved.	Complete
Recommendations from H	WW Follow Up Visit 2019	T	T		
Ensure information about A&E waiting times on the WAHT website is accurate.				We noticed that the WAHT webpage that informs people of A&E waiting times states that technical difficulties are being experienced which they are working to fix. However, when you click through to the waiting time information it does appear to be updated in "real time". The information is confusing, as people cannot be certain of its accuracy.	25. Ensure information about A&E waiting times on the WAHT website is accurate
The Trust should take all necessary steps, including staff training and awareness raising, to ensure that their own Action Plan is				As set out above actions that are identified in the WAHT plan re providing information to patients, staff consistently introducing themselves, explaining to patients how to call for attention, food and hydration, patient care and comfort	The Trust should take all necessary steps, including staff training and awareness raising, to ensure that their own Action Plan is implemented consistently

implemented consistently		and explaining to patients how long they	and routinely for every
and routinely for every		may be waiting for were not applied	patient, every day.
patient, every day.		consistently to all of the patients that we	
		spoke with.	

Other Findings

Some of the measures identified by the Trust were to be audited by the Patient Public Forum (PPF) carrying out Care in the Corridor audits. We requested, and were sent, information about these audits. There were 28 audit visits to the WRH site between July 2018 - end of July 2019. During the course of these visits the PPF spoke with 93 patients. They asked patients about their experience and addressed questions as identified in the Action Plan. The Trust shared with us the results of these visits, which also showed inconsistencies in the way that the Trust's actions from their Plan are being implemented.

One patient we spoke with commented on the use of volunteers in the A&E corridor areas, providing refreshments and book/magazine rounds as well as conversation with patients. We think this is a positive initiative on the part of the Trust.

We noticed the WAHT webpage that informs people of A&E waiting times states technical difficulties are being experienced which they are working to fix. However, when you click through to the waiting time information it does appear to be updated in "real time". The information is confusing, as people cannot be certain of its accuracy. This needs to be resolved. We have added a recommendation about this as a result of this visit.

5. CONCLUSION

Our visit showed that the Trust has made progress with their Action Plan of 2018 to implement our recommendations.

We saw improvements in signage, information to patients and some positive initiatives such as the care and comfort packs, aids for people living with dementia and the use of volunteers.

We again found that patients were understanding of the pressures on the A&E Department and its staff which resulted in them being cared for in the corridor.

Nevertheless, patients being looked after in the corridor is not a satisfactory situation and should not be allowed to become a "normal" way of looking after people.

Whilst the situation continues the Trust need to ensure the Actions that are identified in their own Plan are consistently and routinely applied to every patient, every day.

Healthwatch Worcestershire are committed to continuing to work with the Trust to improve services for patients in the A&E Department and across the hospital.

We acknowledge the co-operation of the Trust and their staff, and we look forward to continuing as a "critical friend" in the pursuit of improved patient care.

APPENDIX ONE - WHO DID WE SPEAK WITH?

We spoke with 4 patients who were being looked after in the corridor areas. One patient was located in the main corridor area and three in a "side corridor" area.

3 patients were male and 1 was female.

1 patient was aged between 18 - 24 years; 2 were aged between 25 - 50 years and 1 was aged 75 or over.

3 patients described themselves as White British and one as White (Other).

None of the patients defined themselves as having a permanent disability.

We asked patients how long they had been waiting in the corridor area for, and how long, in total, including time spent in the corridor they had been in the A&E Department:

Hours spent	1 - 4	4 - 8	8 - 12	12 - 18	18 - 24
Corridor Area	1	1	1	1	
A&E		1		3	
Department					

APPENDIX TWO – FURTHER INFORMATION ON HWW RECOMMENDATIONS FROM 2017 AND 2018 REPORTS

We have considered this and feel that a uniform change may provide clarity.
Recommendation not being progressed through action plan – this recommendation is business as usual and monitored by our pharmacy team and covered in our quality improvement plan.
Reference response to recommendation 1, 2, and 3.
Not managed through this action plan. Operational performance managed through the Trust operational dashboard.
Not managed through this action plan. This is a core requirement of our professional standards and monitored via our senior nurse quality audits.
There is a Trust wide policy in pace to ensure compliance.
The Tannoy system is used as an essential communication tool in the ED however we are exploring a discreet enhanced system.
bughout the day, accepting that this may be the least disruptive option for patients.
ents are not disturbed by staff operating the doors into the hospital.